

alterenergy

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Policy on Enterprise Risk Management



Enterprise Risk Management is a process, effected by Alternergy Holdings Corporation (“Company”)’s Board of Directors and management, applied in strategy setting and across the entire enterprise that is designed to identify potential events that may affect the Group, manage risks to be within its risk appetite, and provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of the Group’s objectives.

The Company establishes a separate and effective enterprise risk management function to identify, assess and monitor key risk exposures. The risk management function involves the following activities, among others:

- a) Defining a risk management strategy;
- b) Identifying and analyzing key risk exposures relating to economic, environmental, social and governance (EESG) factors and the achievement of the organization’s strategic objectives;
- c) Evaluating and categorizing each identified risk using the Company’s predefined risk categories and parameters;
- d) Establishing a risk register with clearly defined, prioritized and residual risks;
- e) Developing a risk mitigation plan for the most important risks to the Company, as defined by the risk management strategy;
- f) Communicating and reporting significant risk exposures including business risks (i.e., strategic, compliance, operational, financial and reputational risks), control issues and risk mitigation plan to the Board Risk Oversight Committee; and
- g) Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the Company’s risk management processes.

The Company also has an independent internal audit function that provides an independent and objective assurance, and consulting services designed to add value and improve the company’s operations. The following are the functions of the internal audit, among others:

- h) Provides an independent risk-based assurance service to the Board, Audit Committee and Management, focusing on reviewing the effectiveness of the governance and control processes in:
 - (1) promoting the right values and ethics,
 - (2) ensuring effective performance management and accounting in the organization,

- (3) communicating risk and control information, and
- (4) coordinating the activities and information among the Board, external and internal auditors, and Management;
- i) Performs regular and special audit as contained in the annual audit plan and/or based on the Company's risk assessment;
- j) Performs consulting and advisory services related to governance and control as appropriate for the organization;
- k) Performs compliance audit of relevant laws, rules and regulations, contractual obligations and other commitments, which could have a significant impact on the organization;
- l) Reviews, audits and assesses the efficiency and effectiveness of the internal control system of all areas of the company;
- m) Evaluates operations or programs to ascertain whether results are consistent with established objectives and goals, and whether the operations or programs are being carried out as planned;
- n) Evaluates specific operations at the request of the Board, as appropriate; and
- o) Monitors and evaluates governance processes.

The company has a Chief Audit Executive (CAE) or its equivalent position that oversees and is responsible for the internal audit activity of the organization, including that portion that is outsourced to a third-party service provider. In case of a fully outsourced internal audit activity, a qualified independent executive or senior management personnel should be assigned the responsibility for managing the fully outsourced internal audit activity. The following are the responsibilities of the CAE, among others:

- p) Periodically reviews the internal audit charter and presents it to senior management and the Board Audit Committee for approval;
- q) Establishes a risk-based internal audit plan, including policies and procedures, to determine the priorities of the internal audit activity, consistent with the Company's goals;
- r) Communicates the internal audit activity's plans, resource requirements and impact of resource limitations, as well as significant interim changes, to senior management and the Board Audit Committee for review and approval;
- s) Spearheads the performance of the internal audit activity to ensure it adds value to the Company;
- t) Reports periodically to the Board Audit Committee on the internal audit activity's performance relative to its plan; and

- u) Presents findings and recommendations to the Board Audit Committee and gives advice to senior management and the Board on how to improve internal processes.